

# Introduction to tangible actions for the environment and conservation

Taking tangible actions, such as growing your own food or fixing your clothes, can make a significant impact on environmental conservation. These activities not only help reduce waste and lower your carbon footprint but also promote sustainability and self-reliance.

## What are tangible actions?

Tangible actions are practical, hands-on activities that individuals can undertake to contribute to environmental conservation and sustainability. Some examples include:

- Growing your own food: growing vegetables, fruits and herbs at home to reduce reliance on store-bought produce, which often involves significant transportation and packaging.
- Fixing your own clothes: repairing and repurposing clothing to extend its life, reduce textile waste and minimize the environmental impact of fast fashion.
- Reducing waste: activities like composting, reducing single-use plastics and DIY projects that support sustainability.

This guide introduces you to practical actions you can take, with historical and contemporary examples to inspire you.



## **Historical examples of tangible actions**

The Home Front movement (1914-1918)

- What happened: During World War I, many people in the UK and other countries engaged in home-based activities to support the war effort, including growing vegetables and preserving food. This was part of a broader "Home Front" movement to promote self-sufficiency and resource conservation.
- Impact: These actions contributed to food security and reduced reliance on imports, fostering a culture of sustainability and self-reliance during times of scarcity.
- Why It matters: This movement demonstrates how home-based actions can play a crucial role in addressing resource challenges and promoting sustainability.

Victory Gardens (World War II Era)

- What happened: During World War II, the U.S. government encouraged citizens to plant "Victory Gardens" to support the war effort and alleviate food shortages. These gardens were planted in backyards, community plots and public spaces.
- Impact: Victory Gardens helped boost food production and reduce the strain on commercial food supplies. It also created a sense of self-sufficiency and community involvement.
- Why it matters: It shows how growing your own food can have wide-ranging benefits, including increased resilience and reduced environmental impact.

# **Contemporary Examples of Tangible Actions**

Urban farming initiatives (2000s-Present)

- What happened: Urban farming has become increasingly popular, with individuals and communities creating gardens and farms in city environments. Projects like community gardens, rooftop farms and vertical gardens are now common.
- Impact: Urban farming helps reduce food miles, lowers carbon emissions, and provides fresh produce in urban areas. It also strengthens community ties and promotes environmental education.
- Why it matters: Contemporary urban farming initiatives show how growing your own food can be adapted to modern living environments, supporting sustainability in cities.

Repair Cafés (2009-Present)

- What happened: Repair Cafés are community-based initiatives where people can bring broken items, including clothes, electronics and household goods, to be repaired by volunteers. The movement began in the Netherlands and has spread globally.
- Impact: Repair Cafés reduce waste by extending the life of items that might otherwise be discarded. They also encourage a culture of repair and sustainability, empowering individuals to take action against throwaway culture.
- Why it matters: It highlights how repairing and maintaining items can contribute to reducing environmental impact and promoting sustainability.

The Slow Fashion movement (2000s-Present)

- What happened: The Slow Fashion movement advocates for ethical and sustainable practices in the fashion industry, including buying less, choosing quality over quantity and repairing or upcycling clothing. It has gained traction through social media and grassroots campaigns.
- Impact: Slow Fashion promotes sustainable consumer behaviour, reducing the environmental impact of fast fashion. It encourages people to make thoughtful choices about their clothing and embrace a more sustainable lifestyle.
- Why it matters: The Slow Fashion movement shows how changing personal habits and supporting sustainable practices can have a significant impact on reducing environmental damage from the fashion industry.

Composting initiatives (2010s-Present)

- What Happened: Composting initiatives have gained popularity as a way to manage organic waste at home and reduce landfill use. Many people now use composting bins to recycle food scraps and garden waste.
- Impact: Composting helps reduce greenhouse gas emissions from landfills, enriches soil and supports sustainable gardening practices. It also raises awareness about waste reduction and resource conservation.
- Why it matters: Composting is a great examples of how an everyday actions can contribute to environmental conservation and support sustainable waste management practices.

### How you can get involved

- **1. Start a garden:** Grow your own vegetables, herbs or fruits in your garden, yard or on a balcony. Participate in community gardening projects to support local food production.
- **2. Repair and upcycle clothes:** Learn basic sewing and repair skills to fix and upcycle your clothing. Participate in or organise clothing repair workshops or swap events.
- **3. Join or start a Repair Café:** Get involved with existing Repair Cafés or start one in your community to help people repair and maintain their belongings.
- **4. Start composting:** Begin composting at home to manage organic waste and improve your garden's soil.
- **5. Shop sustainably:** Start swapping some products you use for more sustainable brands. Looks out for logos such as Fair Trade, FSC and RSPO to help support conservation efforts.

**Tangible actions** like growing your own food, buying sustainable products and repairing your clothes are practical ways to support environmental conservation and sustainability. By engaging in these activities, you can reduce waste, lower your carbon footprint and promote a more sustainable lifestyle.

Small every day changes are a great way to start your changemaking journey. Often when other people see you doing small actions, it can inspire them to do the same.